Understanding the Code: A Breakdown

Let's dissect the HTML code in the Lando Camps page to understand its structure and functionality.

HTML Structure

Below is the breakdown of the HTML code:

Image:

```
<img class="alignnone size-full wp-image-5808" src="https://educ-elvlc-2021.sites.olt.ubc.ca/files/2022/12/shutterstock_145708730-1-
scaled.jpg" alt="Kids jumping on the field" width="1877" height="740" />
```

The tag is used to display an image on the webpage. In this case, it displays an image of kids jumping on a field. The src attribute specifies the URL of the image, while the alt, width, and height attributes provide alternative text and dimensions for the image.

Paragraph:

The tag defines a paragraph of text. In this case, it provides an introductory message about the summer camp offerings. Inline styles are used to adjust the padding, font size, and line height of the paragraph.

Current Offerings Section:

```
<h3>Current Offerings</h3>
<div class="flexboxCurrent">
[loop query="posts_per_page=15&post_type=page&meta_key=currentCamp&order=ASC"]
```

```
<div class="flexbox-box">
    [the_post_thumbnail]
    <h3><strong>[link_with_content]</strong></h3>
    [cf campInfo]
    [cf nextSession]
    [cf registration]
    [cf learnmore]
    </div>
    [/loop]
</div>
```

This section displays the current summer camp offerings. It starts with a <h3> tag, indicating a subheading for the section. Then, a <div> element with the class flexboxCurrent is used to contain the offerings. Within this container, a loop retrieves and displays information about each offering. Each offering is wrapped in a <div> with the class flexbox-box. Various Custom Field-based shortcodes (more info below) such as [cf campInfo] are used to display information about each camp.

Past Offerings Section:

```
<h3>Past Offerings</h3>
<div class="flexbox">
    [loop query="posts_per_page=15&post_type=page&meta_key=summerCamp&order=ASC"]
    <div class="flexbox-box">
        [the_post_thumbnail]
        <h3><strong>[link_with_content]</strong></h3>
        [cf campInfo]
        [cf nextSession]
        [cf registration]
        [cf learnmore]
        </div>
        [/loop]
</div>
```

This section displays the past summer camp offerings, following a similar structure to the current offerings section. It includes a <h3> tag for the section heading and a <div> container with the class flexbox. Inside the loop, information about each past offering is displayed within <div> elements with the class flexbox-box.

Button:

This section includes a button that links to a gallery of photos from previous camps. The <a> tag creates the link, and the <button> tag creates the button itself. It has a class of button-blue-box for styling purposes.

CSS Section:

```
<style>
  /* CSS styles can be included here */
</style>
```

The <style> element allows you to define CSS styles directly within the HTML document. This is useful for customizing the appearance of HTML elements. Alternatively, you can use the CSS editor provided in WordPress.

Custom Fields and Loops in WordPress:

Custom fields, such as [cf campInfo], [cf nextSession], [cf registration], and [cf learnmore], are utilized to dynamically display information about each summer camp offering. These fields are populated with data specific to each camp.

Loops, indicated by [loop query="..."], are used to iterate through each post (or camp) and display its corresponding information. The loop retrieves posts based on certain criteria, such as the post type and custom meta keys (e.g., currentCamp and summerCamp). The parameters within the loop query, such as posts_per_page, post_type, meta_key, and order, define how the posts are queried and displayed. For example, posts_per_page specifies the maximum number of posts to display per page, meta_key defines the custom field to query, and order determines the sorting order of the retrieved posts (e.g., ascending or descending).